Please include the amended SEQUENCE LISTING.

REMARKS

The foregoing amendments and these remarks are in response to the Notice to Comply With Requirements For Patent Applications Containing Nucleotide Sequence And/Or Amino Acid Sequence Disclosures.

The specification and SEQUENCE LISTING have been amended in the patent application and an amended SEQUENCE LISTING has been provided. The affected sections of the specification are shown on a separate copy entitled Marked-Up Version to show the changes made. Applicants provide a computer readable form (CRF) copy of the amended SEQUENCE LISTING, an initial paper or compact disc copy of the SEQUENCE LISTING, as well as this Amendment directing its entry into the application. Applicants also provide a Statement that the content of the sequence listing information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written (on paper or compact disc) sequence listing and, where applicable, includes no new matter, as required by 37 CRF 1.821(f).

Applicants submit that no new matter is entered by this Preliminary Amendment and respectfully request entry of the amendment and examination on the merits. A separate clean copy of the SEQUENCE LISTING is attached. A separate clean set of the substitute pages is attached.

Respectfully submitted,

Barbara S. Kitchell

Reg. No. 33,928

AKERMAN SENTERFITT

222 Lakeview Avenue, Suite 400

Barbur S. Kitchell

P.O. Box 3188

West Palm Beach, Florida 33402-3188

Tel: 561.653.5000

MARKED-UP VERSION

5

10

vector, bacteria were transformed using electroporation, and more than 100 clones were obtained for further analysis. 96 of these clones were selected for detailed analysis with insert amplification using PCR for each of the 96 selected clones, and finally, 96-dot cDNA arrays were prepared for further screening.

In order to avoid false positives, a 96-dot cDNA array was hybridized with both forward-and reverse-subtracted probes. Six clones were selected for further detailed analysis. Northern blot analysis is not necessarily performed, since it requires microgram amounts of stem/progenitor cell-specific mRNA. DNA sequence analysis of the fragments was performed, and searches were also made for homology of selected fragments to previously known sequences reported in databases (EMBL, GenBank PDP and SWISS-PROT) using the BlastN/X software package (Table 5).

Table 5
Summary of Suppression Subtractive Hybridization (SSH) Fragments

Clone Name	Insert : . Length (bp)	BLAST Homology	% of Homology Identities Positives	Accession Number		
A4	412	Human cytochrome oxidase subunit 1	100	AF035429		
All	439	Human calcyclin- binding protein	100	AF057356		
C6	204	No significant	N/A	N/A		
С9	258	No significant	N/A	N/A		
C10	260	3'untranslated region of human stromelysin	98	U78045		
E11	270	Myc-type, 'helix-loop- helix'dimerization domain signature	N/A	N/A		
F4	268	1) Human focal adhesion kinase 2	34 46	Q14289		
		Homeotic protein spalt-major	33 42	P39) 770		
	j	3) Mouse hypothetical protein ORF-1137	32 41	P11260		

Page 48 of 58

MARKED-UP VERSION

Clone Name	Insert Length (bp)	BLAST Homology	% of Homolo	gy	Accession Number
F9	480	Human intercellular adhesion molecule-3 precursor	35	48	P32942

5.8.1 CLONE DESCRIPTION

5

10

15

20

Clone A4 was shown to be identical to human cytochrome oxidase subunit 1, which is essential for energy conversion in all aerobic organisms.

Clone A11 was shown to be identical to human calcyclin-binding protein (CacyBP), which was identified in human and mouse brains and Ehrlich ascites tumor (EAT) cells and is expressed predominantly there. Because CacyBP, like calcyclin, is present in the brain, the interaction of these two proteins might be involved in calcium signaling pathways in neurol tissue.

Clone C6 had no significant homology to previously sequences reported in databases.

Clone C9 had no significant homology to previously sequences reported in databases.

Clone C10 had strong homology to 3' untranslated region of stromelysin, human metalloproteinase (MMP) responsible for the breakdown of proteins of connective tissue. Through this action they play an important role in growth, development and tissue repair. Recent studies also suggest that MMPs are utilized in cancer, facilitating both local tumor invasion and metastasis.

Clone E11 did not have any strong homology, but exhibits a Myc-type, 'helix-loop-helix'dimerization domain signature. The myc genes are thought to play a role in cellular differentiation and proliferation.

Clone F4 revealed homologies to:

1) <u>Human focal adhesion kinase 2</u> (FADK 2) (Proline-rich tyrosine kinase 2) (Cell adhesion kinase Beta) (CAK Beta)

Query: 201

(SEON) KDLPPEQERKRERTPKNLGNRDEHRTERKRRTPIPQPTHWGPEHSRPRWNMGPPLKTLL 20

KD+ FQER: R RTPK L

KD+ FQER: R RTPK L

KD AMEQERNARYRTPKIL

EPTAFQEPP PKPSRPKYR PPPQTNL

Sbjct 730:

687 Query: 21 M

Sbjct: 731 L

MARKED-UP VERSION

This protein is involved in calcium induced ion channel regulation, and activation of the MAP kinase signaling pathway. It may represent an important signaling intermediary between neuropeptide-activated receptors or neurotransmitters that increase calcium flux, as well as downstream signals that regulate neuronal activity.

5

10

15

2) Salm drome homeotic protein spalt-major

 $\Delta t_{\rm e} \leq \epsilon$

Query: 195 LPPEQERKRERTPKNLGNRDEHRTERKRRTPIPQPTHWGPEHSRPRWNMGPPL (SEQIONO; S)

LP E K +++HR E PHR PP+

(SECTIONS: 6)H Sbjct: 634 LPLEVRIKEERVEEQEQVKQEDHRIE-PRRTPSPSSEHRSPHHHRHSHMGYPPV 686 CIEDIONO:71

This is a transcriptional factor encoded by the spalt major (salm) gene, which is expressed during Drosophila embryogenesis. This protein is found in a broad wedge centered over the decapentaplegic (dpp) stripe, and is one target of Dpp signaling.

3) Mouse hypothetical protein ORF-1137

Query: 183 QERKRRERTPKNLGNRDEHRTERKRRTPIPQPTHWGPEHSRPRWNMGPPLKTLLM (SEQ10NO.8) 19

20 K + + P N+H+R TP P PH N+ P LKT LM Sbjct: 22

QMAKGKRKNPTN—RNQDHSPSSERSTPTPP——SPGHPNTTENLDPDLKTFLM 70 (SECTIONO: 9)

Clone F9 was found to be homologous to human intercellular adhesion molecule-3 precursor

25

40

(SEWIDNO:10) Query: 44 EAPTPCLAVSAKTTVGLTEVSLCSCAPSQPLLNGLRV----GSQFFCGACLEVSGYYLK 208

V + T+ + AP QP L G FFC A LE V G +L 30 Sbjct: 328 EGSTVTVSCMAGARVQVTLDGVPAAAPGQPAQLQLNATESDDGRSFFCSATLEVDGEFLH (SE010 NO:11) 387

Query: 209 DFSLIRLPFL 238

S ++L L

Sbjct: 388 RNSSVQLRVL 397

(SEQ 10 NO. 17)

35

Human intercellular adhesion molecule-3 (ICAM)-3 or CDw50 differentiation antigen is expressed by hematopoietic cells, and not by other cells examined to date. Immunochemical, functional, and protein sequencing studies have shown that this protein presumably plays an important role in the immune response.

This method may be used to perform differential screening of neurospheres at different stages of development/ differentiation, and such differential screening can disclose potential

Clone Name	Insert Length (bp)	BLAST Homology	% of Homolo	% of Homology	
F9	480	Human intercellular adhesion molecule-3 precursor	35	48	P32942

5.8.1 CLONE DESCRIPTION

Clone A4 was shown to be identical to human cytochrome oxidase subunit 1, which is essential for energy conversion in all aerobic organisms.

Clone A11 was shown to be identical to human calcyclin-binding protein (CacyBP), which was identified in human and mouse brains and Ehrlich ascites tumor (EAT) cells and is expressed predominantly there. Because CacyBP, like calcyclin, is present in the brain, the interaction of these two proteins might be involved in calcium signaling pathways in neurol tissue.

Clone C6 had no significant homology to sequences previously reported in databases.

Clone C9 had no significant homology to sequences previously reported in databases.

Clone C10 had strong homology to 3' untranslated region of stromelysin, human metalloproteinase (MMP) responsible for the breakdown of proteins of connective tissue. Through this action they play an important role in growth, development and tissue repair. Recent studies also suggest that MMPs are utilized in cancer, facilitating both local tumor invasion and metastasis.

Clone E11 did not have any strong homology, but exhibits a Myc-type, 'helix-loop-helix' dimerization domain signature. The myc genes are thought to play a role in cellular differentiation and proliferation.

Clone F4 revealed homologies to:

1) <u>Human focal adhesion kinase 2</u> (FADK 2) (Proline-rich tyrosine kinase 2) (Cell adhesion kinase Beta) (CAK Beta)

Query: 201

KDLPPEQERKRRERTPKNLGNRDEHRTERKRRTPIPQPTHWGPEHSRPRWNMGPPLKTLL

(SEQ ID NO:1) KD+ EOER R

+ EQER R RTPK L T +P P+ SRP++ PP +T L

(SEQ ID NO:2) (SEQ ID NO:3)

KDIAMEQERNARYRTPKIL——EPTAFQEPP—PKPSRPKYR—PPPQTNL

(SEQ ID NO:4)

Sbjct 730:

687 Query: 21 M

+

Sbjct: 731 L

This protein is involved in calcium induced ion channel regulation, and activation of the MAP kinase signaling pathway. It may represent an important signaling intermediary between neuropeptide-activated receptors or neurotransmitters that increase calcium flux, as well as downstream signals that regulate neuronal activity.

2) Salm drome homeotic protein spalt-major

Query: 195 LPPEQERKRRERTPKNLGNRDEHRTERKRRTPIPQPTHWGPEHSRPRWNMGPPL

34 (SEQ ID NO: 5)

LPEK + +++HRE RRTPP H PHR PP+

(SEQ ID NO. 6)

Sbjct:634

LPLEVRIKEERVEEQEQVKQEDHRIE-PRRTPSPSSEHRSPHHHRHSHMGYPPV 686 (SEQ ID NO. 7)

This is a transcriptional factor encoded by the spalt major (salm) gene, which is expressed during Drosophila embryogenesis. This protein is found in a broad wedge centered over the decapentaplegic (dpp) stripe, and is one target of Dpp signaling.

3) Mouse hypothetical protein ORF-1137

Query: 183 QERKRRERTPKNLGNRDEHRTERKRRTPIPQPTHWGPEHSRPRWNMGPPLKTLLM

(SEQ ID NO. 8)

19

Q K + + P N + H + R TP P P H N+ P LKT LM

Sbjct: 22

QMAKGKRKNPTN—RNQDHSPSSERSTPTPP——SPGHPNTTENLDPDLKTFLM 70 (SEQ ID NO. 9)

Clone F9 was found to be homologous to human intercellular adhesion molecule-3 precursor



Query: 44

EAPTPCLAVSAKTTVGLTEVSLCSCAPSQPLLNGLRV——GSQFFCGACLEVSGYYLK

(SEQ ID NO. 10

208

E T ++ A V +T + + AP QP L G FFC A LE V G +L

Sbjct: 328 EGSTVTVSCMAGARVQVTLDGVPAAAPGQPAQLQLNATESDDGRSFFCSATLEVDGEFLH

(SEQ ID NO.11)

387

Query: 209 DFSLIRLPFL (SEQ ID NO. 12) 238

S ++L L

Sbjct: 388 RNSSVQLRVL (SEQ ID NO.13) 397

C'

Human intercellular adhesion molecule-3 (ICAM)-3 or CDw50 differentiation antigen is expressed by hematopoietic cells, and not by other cells examined to date. Immunochemical, functional, and protein sequencing studies have shown that this protein presumably plays an important role in the immune response.

This method may be used to perform differential screening of neurospheres at different stages of development/ differentiation, and such differential screening can disclose potential